1	2	3	4
7	Kerala	84,133	79,208
8	Madhya Pradesh	9,87,088	8,25,150
9	Chhattisgarh	20,481	20,481
10	Maharashtra	2,56,000	2,52,000
11	Orissa	1,90,313	1,89,008
12	Rajasthan	34,226	34,226
13	Tripura	9,372	6,349
14	Tamil Nadu	6,25,000	6,05,079
15	Uttar Prdesh	4,50,000	4,22,098
16	West Bengal	10,74,531	7,42,050
	TOTAL :	50,53,256	44,49,352

Health hazards workers are facing in ship breaking industry

1174. SHRI TARINI KANTA ROY: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that ship breaking industry workers are often compelled to break ships of foreign origin having materials like asbestos, which causes serious health hazards; and

(b) the preventive measures being taken by the authorities to protect the workers from such health hazards?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) The ships bought for breaking are mostly from foreign origin. These ships are having materials like asbestos, etc.

(b) Preventive measures taken by authorities to protect workers from health hazards are as under:-

- Ministry of Labour and Employment has amended the model rule on ship breaking.
- DGFASLI has identified Personal Protective Equipments (PPEs) for different operations carried out in the ship breaking yards. Gujarat Maritime Board (GMB) has agreed to enforce the use of PPEs in the ship breaking yards and use the penal provisions available in the "Gujarat Maritime Board Ship Recycling Regulations 2003".
- Government of Gujarat has notified Rule 68-H under the Gujarat State Factory Rules pertaining to ship building, ship repairing and ship breaking.
- The Government of Gujarat has established a separate Inspectorate of Factories at Alang headed by the Deputy Director for exclusive

enforcement of the provisions in ship breaking yards. The competent persons are also declared by the Chief, Inspector of Factories for the purposes of issuing certificates like Naked Light, Testing and Examination of pressure vessels and lifting appliances, etc. As a result of inspection and monitoring by Inspector of Factories, some of the practices being followed in Alang included wet method for removal of Asbestos, hot work certification and use of personal protective equipment.

National social security scheme for poor

1175. SHRI SHANTARAM LAXMAN NAIK: Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to enact a law or a scheme for the purpose of National Social Security;

(b) if so, the essential features of the proposed legislation or scheme;

(c) the names of the States, if any, implementing Social Security Scheme for the poor under their respective legislations/schemes; and

(d) if so, the details of each of the schemes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) to (b) The Unorganised Sector Workers' Social Security Bill, 2007 is under active consideration and Government intends to introduce the Bill during current session of the Parliament. The details of the Bill are yet to be finalized.

(c) and (d) Some of the States like Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Punjab, West Bengal, etc. are implementing social security schemes for the unorganized sector workers under their respective legislations/schemes. The details of the schemes as compiled by the National Commission for Enterprises in the Unorganised Sector (NCEUS) are enclosed.

Statement

Social security schemes being implemented by the State Governments

1. KERALA

Name of the Scheme	Benefits
1	2
Kerala Toddy Workers Welfare Fund (KTWWF) (1970 Jan)	Pension, Children's Education, Medical allowance.
Kerala Labour Welfare Fund (KLWF) (1977)	Ex-gratia, Children's Education, Medical Benefit, Craftsmen training: Rs. 150/-p.m stipend.